The Stellar Fund

Annual Report

for the year ended 5 April 2024

Contents

	Page
Report of the Authorised Corporate Director	2
Statement of the Authorised Corporate Director's responsibilities	4
Assessment of Value - The Stellar Fund	5
Report of the Depositary to the shareholders of The Stellar Fund	9
Independent Auditor's report to the shareholders of The Stellar Fund	10
Accounting policies of The Stellar Fund	13
Investment Manager's report	16
Summary of portfolio changes	18
Portfolio statement	19
Risk and reward profile	23
Comparative table	24
Financial statements:	
Statement of total return	25
Statement of change in net assets attributable to shareholders	25
Balance sheet	26
Notes to the financial statements	27
Distribution table	37
Remuneration	38
Further information	40
Appointments	41

The Stellar Fund Report of the Authorised Corporate Director ('ACD')

Evelyn Partners Fund Solutions Limited, as ACD, presents herewith the Annual Report for The Stellar Fund for the year ended 5 April 2024.

The Stellar Fund ('the Company' or 'the Fund') is an authorised open-ended investment company with variable capital ('ICVC') further to an authorisation order dated 29 April 2008. The Company is incorporated under registration number IC000616. It is a non-UCITS retail scheme ('NURS') complying with the investment and borrowing powers rules in the Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook ('COLL') and the Investment Funds sourcebook ('FUND'), as published by the Financial Conduct Authority ('FCA'). As the Company is a NURS, the ACD also acts as Alternative Investment Fund Manager ('AIFM') in order to comply with the Alternative Investment Fund Manager's Directive ('AIFMD').

The ACD is of the opinion that it is appropriate to continue to adopt the going concern basis in the preparation of the accounts as the assets of the Company consist predominantly of securities which are readily realisable and, accordingly, the Company has adequate financial resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Further, appropriate accounting policies, consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates, have been used in the preparation of these accounts and applicable accounting standards have been followed.

The shareholders are not liable for the debts of the Company.

The Company has no Directors other than the ACD.

The Instrument of Incorporation can be inspected at the offices of the ACD.

Copies of the Prospectus and Key Investor Information Document ('KIID') are available on request free of charge from the ACD.

Investment objective and policy

The Fund will aim to achieve (through a combination of capital and income) a return of 4% per year more than the Consumer Price Index ('CPI') over a rolling 10-year period after deducting fees and costs.

The Fund is actively managed and invests at least 60% in companies that are listed on major stock exchanges around the world and in emerging markets. In normal market conditions, the Fund will normally be invested in between 50 – 80 companies. This exposure will be mostly direct, with up to 5% through collective investment schemes and investment trusts.

The Fund may also invest up to 30% in a wide range of alternative assets accessed through listed investment vehicles, such as listed investment trusts and listed investment companies. Such alternative assets include infrastructure bonds or equities, green energy bonds or equities, commodities, including gold, through ETCs, private equity, distressed debt, hedge funds, alternative bonds (including high yield bonds and asset backed bonds).

The Fund also has the ability to invest up to 10% in government and corporate bonds from anywhere in the world that have a minimum credit rating of BB at the time of purchase.

The Fund may also invest up to 10% indirectly in property, through REITs and property unit trusts.

The Fund will also invest up to 10% in cash, near cash and deposits.

Exposure to any of the above asset classes may be obtained through investment in other collective investment schemes (including funds managed by Sarasin & Partners LLP) in line with the Fund's investment and borrowing powers.

The Investment Manager will identify core "themes" that it considers offer attractive long-term investment opportunities. These themes will be kept under review by the Investment Manager and may change from time to time.

The Fund will also invest in derivatives for the purposes of efficient portfolio management. Derivatives are financial contracts whose value is linked to the price of another asset (e.g. indices, rates, share prices, currencies).

Report of the Authorised Corporate Director (continued)

Changes affecting the Company in the year

There were no fundamental or significant changes to the Company in the year.

Further information in relation to the Company is illustrated on page 40.

In accordance with the requirements of the Financial Conduct Authority's Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook and the Investment Funds sourcebook, we hereby certify the Annual Report on behalf of the ACD, Evelyn Partners Fund Solutions Limited.

Neil Coxhead Director Evelyn Partners Fund Solutions Limited 26 July 2024

Statement of the Authorised Corporate Director's responsibilities

The Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook ('COLL') and the Investment Funds sourcebook ('FUND') published by the FCA, require the Authorised Corporate Director ('ACD') to prepare financial statements for each annual accounting period which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company and of the net revenue and net capital gains on the scheme property of the Company for the year.

In preparing the financial statements the ACD is responsible for:

- selecting suitable accounting policies and then applying them consistently;
- making judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- following UK accounting standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland;
- complying with the disclosure requirements of the Statement of Recommended Practice for the Financial Statements of UK Authorised Funds ('the SORP') issued by The Investment Association in May 2014 and amended in June 2017;
- keeping proper accounting records which enable it to demonstrate that the financial statements as prepared comply with the above requirements;
- assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern;
- using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so;
- such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error;
- taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and irregularities; and
- the maintenance and integrity of the Company's information on the ACD's website. Legislation in the UK governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

COLL also requires the ACD to carry out an Assessment of Value on the Company and publish this assessment within the Annual Report.

The ACD is responsible for the management of the Company in accordance with the Instrument of Incorporation, the Prospectus, COLL and FUND.

Assessment of Value - The Stellar Fund

In line with the provisions contained within COLL 6.6.20R, the Board of Evelyn Partners Fund Solutions Limited ('EPFL') as Authorised Corporate Director ('ACD'), has carried out an Assessment of Value for The Stellar Fund ('the Fund'). Furthermore, the rules require that EPFL publishes these assessments.

A high-level summary of the outcome of EPFL's rigorous review of the Fund, for the year ended 5 April 2024, using the seven criteria set by the FCA is set out below:

1. Quality of Service	
2. Performance	
3. ACD Costs	
4. Economies of Scale	
5. Comparable Market Rates	
6. Comparable Services	
7. Classes of Shares	
Overall Rating	

EPFL has adopted a traffic light system to show how it rated the Fund:

On balance, the Board believes the Fund has delivered value to shareholders, with no material issues noted.

On balance, the Board believes the Fund has delivered value to shareholders, but may require some action.

On balance, the Board believes the Fund has not delivered value to shareholders and significant remedial action is now planned by the Board.

How EPFL assessed each of the seven criteria and the rating arrived at are discussed in greater detail on the following pages.

EPFL has created an Assessment of Value Committee ('AVC'), for the review, challenge and approval of all funds' Assessments of Value. Ultimately the assessments will be subject to scrutiny by the Board (which includes independent directors) to ensure the outcomes of the assessments are clear and fair, before final sign-off by the chair of the Board prior to communicating to investors if the Fund has delivered value, and if not, where improvements need to be made.

In carrying out the assessment, the EPFL AVC has separately considered, the following seven criteria stipulated by the FCA. The Committee may also have considered other issues where it was deemed appropriate.

EPFL believes the Assessment of Value can make it easier for investors to both evaluate whether the Fund is providing them with value for money and make more informed decisions when choosing investments.

The seven criteria are:

- (1) Quality of service the quality of every aspect of the service provided, including, for example, accounting, administration, customer services and communications;
- (2) Performance how the Fund performed, including whether it met targets and objectives, kept to relevant policy, followed relevant principles, kept to reasonable timescales;
- (3) ACD costs the fairness and value of the Fund's costs, including entry and exit fees, early redemption fees, administration charges;
- (4) Economies of scale how costs have been or can be reduced as a result of increased assets-under-management ('AUM'), and whether or not those savings have been passed on to investors;
- (5) Comparable market rates how the costs of the Fund compare with others in the marketplace;
- (6) Comparable services how the charges applied to the Fund compare with those of other funds administered by EPFL;
- (7) Classes of shares the appropriateness of the classes of shares in the Fund for investors.

Assessment of Value - The Stellar Fund (continued)

1. Quality of Service

What was assessed in this section?

Internal Factors

EPFL, as ACD, has overall responsibility for the Fund. The Board assessed, amongst other things: the day-to-day administration of the Fund; the maintenance of scheme documentation (such as prospectuses and key investor information documents ('KIIDs')); the pricing and valuation of shares; the calculation of income and distribution payments; the maintenance of accounting and other records; the preparation of annual audited and half-yearly Report & Accounts; the review of tax provisions and submission of tax computations to HMRC; the maintenance of the register of shareholders; the dealing and settlement arrangements and the quality of marketing material sent to shareholders. EPFL delegates the Investment Management of the Fund to an Investment firm.

The Board reviewed information provided by EPFL's control functions on the adequacy of its internal services, including governance, operations and monitoring. Elements important to the investor experience such as the timely payment of settlement and distribution monies were also reviewed. Over the past year, EPFL has been audited by internal and external auditors, the Fund's Depositary and various EPFL delegated Investment Managers.

External Factors

The Board assessed the delegate's skills, processes and experience. Also considered were any results from service review meetings as well as the annual due diligence performed by EPFL on the delegated Investment Manager, Sarasin & Partners LLP, where consideration was given to, amongst other things, the delegate's controls around the Fund's liquidity management.

The Board also considered the nature, extent and quality of administrative and shareholder services performed under separate agreements covering depositary services, custodians, as well as services provided with regard to both audit and legal functions.

What was the outcome of the assessment?

Internal Factors

The Board recognised that all distribution and settlement monies were paid in a timely manner and that there were no significant findings as a result of the various audits performed on EPFL during the year. In addition, EPFL has performed its own independent analysis, using automated systems, of the Fund's liquidity. The Board concluded that EPFL had carried out its duties diligently.

External Factors

The Board concluded that the nature, extent and quality of the services provided by the external parties have benefitted and should continue to benefit the Fund and its shareholders.

Were there any follow up actions?

There were no follow-up actions required.

2. Performance

What was assessed in this section?

The Board reviewed the performance of the Fund, after the deduction of all payments out of the scheme property as set out in the Prospectus. Performance, against its benchmark, was considered over appropriate timescales having regard to the Fund's investment objective, policy and strategy. The Board also considered whether an appropriate level of market risk had been taken.

Investment Objective

The Company will aim to achieve (through a combination of capital and income) a return of 4% per year more than the Consumer Prices Index ('CPI') over a rolling 10-year period after deducting fees and costs.

Benchmark

As ACD, EPFL is required to explain in a fund's scheme documentation why a benchmark is being used or alternatively explain how investors should assess performance of a fund in the absence of a benchmark.

Assessment of Value - The Stellar Fund (continued)

2. Performance (continued)

Benchmark (continued)

The benchmark for the Fund is the UK CPI +4%, which is a target. A 'target' benchmark is an index or similar factor that is part of a target a fund manager has set for a fund's performance to match or exceed, which includes anything used for performance fee calculation. Details of how the Fund had performed against its target benchmark over various timescales can be found below.

Cumulative Performance as at 29 February 2024

	Currency	1 year	3 year	5 year	10 year
The Stellar Fund	GBP	5.88%	7.04%	35.42%	87.05%
UK CPI +4%	GBX	6.61%	35.20%	49.35%	95.04%

Data provided by FE fundinfo. Care has been taken to ensure that the information is correct but FE fundinfo neither warrants, represents nor guarantees the contents of the information, nor does it accept any responsibility for errors, inaccuracies, omissions or any inconsistencies herein.

Performance is calculated net of fees. Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

What was the outcome of the assessment?

The Board assessed the performance of the Fund over its minimum recommended holding period of ten years and observed that it has underperformed its target benchmark, UK CPI +4%. As a result, an Amber rating has been given.

Consideration was given to the risk metrics associated with the Fund which focused on, amongst other things, volatility and risk adjusted returns where EPFL were comfortable that the outcomes were in line with the Fund's performance.

The Board found that the Fund is investing in the asset classes permitted by the investment policy and that there have been no breaches of the policy in the last 12 months.

Were there any follow up actions?

EPFL will continue to monitor performance through its normal oversight process, at least bi-annually.

3. ACD Costs

What was assessed in this section?

The Board reviewed each separate charge to ensure that they were reasonable and reflected the services provided. This included the ACD's periodic charge, Investment Manager's fee, Depositary/Custodian fees and audit fee.

The charges should be transparent and understandable to the investor, with no hidden costs.

What was the outcome of the assessment?

The Board received and considered information about each of the Fund's costs, and concluded that they were fair, reasonable and provided on a competitive basis.

Were there any follow up actions?

There were no follow-up actions required.

4. Economies of Scale

What was assessed in this section?

The Board reviewed each separate fee structure and the AUM of the Fund to examine the effect on the Fund to potential and existing investors should it increase or decrease in value.

What was the outcome of the assessment?

The Investment Manager's fee is tiered meaning there are opportunities for savings going forward should the Fund grow in size. The ACD fee is a fixed percentage charge meaning there are no opportunities going forward for savings.

The ancillary charges of the Fund represent 6 basis points¹. Some of these costs are fixed and as the Fund grows in size may result in a small reduction in the basis point cost of these services.

Were there any follow up actions?

There were no follow-up actions required.

¹ One basis point is equal to 1/100th of 1%, or 0.01%. Figure calculated at interim report, 5 October 2023.

Assessment of Value - The Stellar Fund (continued)

5. Comparable Market Rates

What was assessed in this section?

The Board reviewed the ongoing charges figure ('OCF') of the Fund and how those charges affect its returns.

The OCF of the Fund was compared against the 'market rate' of similar external funds.

What was the outcome of the assessment?

The OCF of 0.77%² compared favourably with those of similar externally managed funds.

Note that EPFL has not charged an entry fee, exit fee or any other event-based fees on this Fund.

Were there any follow up actions? There were no follow-up actions required.

6. Comparable Services

What was assessed in this section?

The Board compared the Investment Manager's fee with those of other funds administered by EPFL having regard to size, investment objectives and policies.

What was the outcome of the assessment?

The Investment Manager's fee compared favourably with other EPFL administered funds displaying similar characteristics.

Were there any follow up actions?

There were no follow-up actions required.

7. Classes of Shares

What was assessed in this section?

The Board reviewed the Fund's set-up to ensure that where there are multiple share classes, shareholders were in the correct share class given the size of their holding.

What was the outcome of the assessment?

There is only one share class in the Fund, therefore this part of the assessment does not apply.

Were there any follow up actions? There were no follow-up actions required.

Overall Assessment of Value

Notwithstanding the matter discussed in Section 2, the Board concluded that The Stellar Fund had provided value to shareholders.

Dean Buckley

Chairman of the Board of Evelyn Partners Fund Solutions Limited

13 May 2024

Consumer Feedback

On reviewing this Assessment of Value report, we would welcome invaluable feedback from investors via our short questionnaire which can be found online:

https://www.evelyn.com/services/fund-solutions/assessment-of-value/

Investors views are invaluable to the development and delivery of this report.

Should you be unable to access the questionnaire online please contact us directly on 0141 222 1151 and we will provide you with a paper copy of the questionnaire.

² Figure calculated at interim report, 5 October 2023.

Report of the Depositary to the shareholders of The Stellar Fund

Depositary's responsibilities

The Depositary must ensure that the Company is managed in accordance with the Financial Conduct Authority's Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook, the Investment Funds sourcebook, the Open-Ended Investment Companies Regulations 2001 (SI 2001/1228) (the OEIC regulations), as amended, the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000, as amended, (together 'the Regulations'), the Company's Instrument of Incorporation and Prospectus (together 'the Scheme documents') as detailed below.

The Depositary must in the context of its role act honestly, fairly, professionally, independently and in the interests of the Company and its investors.

The Depositary is responsible for the safekeeping of all custodial assets and maintaining a record of all other assets of the Company in accordance with the Regulations.

The Depositary must ensure that:

- the Company's cash flows are properly monitored and that cash of the Company is booked into the cash accounts in accordance with the Regulations;
- the sale, issue, redemption and cancellation of shares are carried out in accordance with the Regulations;
- the value of shares of the Company are calculated in accordance with the Regulations;
- any consideration relating to transactions in the Company's assets is remitted to the Company within the usual time limits;
- the Company's revenue is applied in accordance with the Regulations; and
- the instructions of the Alternative Investment Fund Manager ('AIFM') are carried out (unless they conflict with the Regulations).

The Depositary also has a duty to take reasonable care to ensure that the Company is managed in accordance with the Regulations and the Scheme documents in relation to the investment and borrowing powers applicable to the Company.

Having carried out such procedures as we consider necessary to discharge our responsibilities as Depositary of the Company, it is our opinion, based on the information available to us and the explanations provided, that in all material respects the Company, acting through the AIFM:

- (i) has carried out the issue, sale, redemption and cancellation, and calculation of the price of the Company's shares and the application of the Company's revenue in accordance with the Regulations and the Scheme documents of the Company; and
- (ii) has observed the investment and borrowing powers and restrictions applicable to the Company.

NatWest Trustee and Depositary Services Limited 26 July 2024

Independent Auditor's report to the shareholders of The Stellar Fund

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The Stellar Fund (the 'Company') for the year ended 5 April 2024, which comprise the Statement of total return, Statement of change in net assets attributable to shareholders, Balance sheet, the related Notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies and the Distribution table. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- Give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 5 April 2024 and of the net revenue and the net capital gains on the scheme property of the Company for the year then ended;
- Have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- Have been prepared in accordance with the Investment Association Statement of Recommended Practice for Authorised Funds, the rules of the Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook (COLL Rules) of the Financial Conduct Authority and the Instrument of Incorporation.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions Relating to Going Concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Authorised Corporate Director's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Authorised Corporate Director with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other Information

The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Authorised Corporate Director is responsible for the other information contained within the Annual Report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on Other Matters Prescribed by the COLL Rules

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- Proper accounting records for the Company have been kept and the accounts are in agreement with those records;
- We have received all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, are necessary for the purposes of our audit; and
- The information given in the Report of the Authorised Corporate Director for the year is consistent with the financial statements.

Independent Auditor's report to the shareholders of The Stellar Fund (continued)

Responsibilities of the Authorised Corporate Director

As explained more fully in the Statement of the Authorised Corporate Director's responsibilities set out on page 4, the Authorised Corporate Director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Authorised Corporate Director determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Authorised Corporate Director is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Authorised Corporate Director either intends to wind up the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures

in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

We assessed whether the engagement team collectively had the appropriate competence and capabilities to identify or recognise non-compliance with laws and regulations by considering their experience, past performance and support available.

All engagement team members were briefed on relevant identified laws and regulations and potential fraud risks at the planning stage of the audit. Engagement team members were reminded to remain alert to any indications of fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations throughout the audit.

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that are applicable to the Company and the sector in which it operates, focusing on those provisions that had a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The most relevant frameworks we identified include:

- UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice including Financial Reporting Standard 102 and the IA Statement of Recommended Practice for Authorised Funds;
- The Financial Conduct Authority's COLL Rules;
- The Financial Conduct Authority's Investment Funds sourcebook; and
- The Company's Prospectus.

We gained an understanding of how the Company is complying with these laws and regulations by making enquiries of the Authorised Corporate Director. We corroborated these enquiries through our review of submitted returns, external inspections, relevant correspondence with regulatory bodies and the Company's breaches register.

Independent Auditor's report to the shareholders of The Stellar Fund (continued)

Auditor Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (continued)

Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud (continued)

We assessed the susceptibility of the financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur, by meeting with management and those charged with governance to understand where it was considered there was susceptibility to fraud. This evaluation also considered how the Authorised Corporate Director was remunerated and whether this provided an incentive for fraudulent activity. We considered the overall control environment and how the Authorised Corporate Director oversees the implementation and operation of controls. In areas of the financial statements where the risks were considered to be higher, we performed procedures to address each identified risk. We identified a heightened fraud risk in relation to:

- Management override of controls; and
- The completeness and classification of special dividends between revenue and capital.

In addition to the above, the following procedures were performed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements were free of material fraud or error:

- Reviewing the level of and reasoning behind the Company's procurement of legal and professional services;
- Performing audit work procedures over the risk of management override of controls, including testing of journal entries and other adjustments for appropriateness, evaluating the business rationale of significant transactions outside the normal course of business, review of a pre sign-off Net Asset Valuation (NAV) statement for any unexpected activity and reviewing judgements made by the Authorised Corporate Director in its calculation of accounting estimates for potential management bias;
- Using a third-party independent data source to assess the completeness of the special dividend population and determining whether special dividends recognised were revenue or capital in nature with reference to the underlying circumstances of the investee companies' dividend payments;
- Assessing the Company's compliance with the key requirements of the Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook, Investment Funds sourcebook and its Prospectus;
- Completion of appropriate checklists and use of our experience to assess the Company's compliance with the IA Statement of Recommended Practice for Authorised Funds; and
- Agreement of the financial statement disclosures to supporting documentation.

Our audit procedures were designed to respond to the risk of material misstatements in the financial statements, recognising that the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve intentional concealment, forgery, collusion, omission or misrepresentation. There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures performed and the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely we are to become aware of it.

Use of Our Report

This report is made solely to the Company's shareholders, as a body, in accordance with Rule 4.5.12 of the COLL Rules issued by the Financial Conduct Authority under the Open-Ended Investment Companies Regulations 2001. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Johnston Carmichael LLP Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor Bishop's Court 29 Albyn Place Aberdeen AB10 1YL 26 July 2024

Accounting policies of The Stellar Fund

for the year ended 5 April 2024

a Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of investments. They have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland ('FRS 102') and in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice for UK Authorised Funds ('the SORP') published by The Investment Association in May 2014 and amended in June 2017, and the requirements of the Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook ('COLL') and the Investment Funds sourcebook ('FUND').

The ACD has considered a detailed assessment of the Fund's ability to meet its liabilities as they fall due, including liquidity, declines in global capital markets and investor redemption levels. Based on this assessment, the Fund continues to be open for trading and the ACD is satisfied the Fund has adequate financial resources to continue in operation for at least the next 12 months and accordingly it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

b Valuation of investments

The purchases and sales of investments are included up to close of business on the last business day of the accounting year.

Purchases and sales of investments are recognised when a legally binding and unconditional right to obtain, or an obligation to deliver an asset arises.

The quoted investments of the Fund have been valued at the global closing bid-market prices ruling on the principal markets on which the stocks are quoted on the last business day of the accounting year.

Collective investment schemes are valued at the bid price for dual priced funds and at the single price for single priced funds and are valued at their most recent published price prior to the close of business valuation on 5 April 2024.

Derivatives are valued at the price which would be required to close out the contract at the balance sheet date.

c Foreign exchange

The base currency of the Fund is UK sterling which is taken to be the Fund's functional currency.

All transactions in foreign currencies are converted into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the dates of such transactions. The resulting exchange differences are disclosed in note 2 of the Notes to the financial statements.

Any foreign currency assets and liabilities at the end of the accounting period are translated at the exchange rate prevailing at the balance sheet date.

d Revenue

Revenue is recognised in the Statement of total return on the following basis:

Dividends from quoted equity instruments and non equity shares are recognised as revenue, net of attributable tax credits on the date when the securities are quoted ex-dividend.

Overseas dividends are recognised as revenue gross of any withholding tax and the tax consequences are recognised within the tax expense.

Dividends from unquoted equity shares are recognised when declared.

Distributions from collective investment schemes are recognised as revenue on the date the securities are quoted ex-dividend. Equalisation on distributions from collective investment schemes is deducted from the cost of the investment and does not form part of the Fund's distribution.

Excess reportable income from reporting offshore funds is recognised as revenue when the reported distribution rate is available and forms part of the Fund's distribution.

Special dividends are treated as either revenue or a repayment of capital depending on the facts of each particular case.

Interest on bank deposits and short term deposits is recognised on an accruals basis.

Accounting policies of The Stellar Fund (continued)

for the year ended 5 April 2024

d Revenue (continued)

Interest on debt securities is recognised on an accruals basis, taking into account the effective yield on the investment. Accrued interest purchased and sold on interest bearing securities is excluded from the capital cost of these securities and dealt with as part of the revenue of the Fund. The effective yield is a calculation that amortises any discount or premium on the purchase of an investment over its remaining life based on estimated cash flows. The amortised amounts form part of the distributable revenue and are calculated at each month end.

e Expenses

All expenses, other than those relating to the purchase and sale of investments, are charged to revenue on an accrual basis.

Bank interest paid is charged to revenue.

f Taxation

Tax payable on profits is recognised as an expense in the period in which profits arise. The tax effects of tax losses available to carry forward are recognised as an asset when it is probable that future taxable profits will be available, against which these losses can be utilised.

UK corporation tax is provided as amounts to be paid/recovered using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted at the balance sheet date.

Deferred taxation is provided in full on timing differences that result in an obligation at 5 April 2024 to pay more or less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current rates and tax laws. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provision for deferred tax assets are only made to the extent the timing differences are expected to be of future benefit.

All foreign dividend revenue is recognised as a gross amount which includes any withholding tax deducted at source. Where foreign tax is withheld in excess of the applicable treaty rate a tax debtor is recognised to the extent that the overpayment is considered recoverable.

When a disposal of a holding in a non-reporting offshore fund is made, any gain is an offshore income gain and tax will be charged to capital. There may be instances where tax relief is due to revenue for the utilisation of excess management expenses.

g Efficient Portfolio Management

Where appropriate, certain permitted instruments such as derivatives or forward currency contracts may be used for Efficient Portfolio Management purposes. Where such instruments are used to protect or enhance revenue, the revenue or expenses derived therefrom are included in the Statement of total return as revenue related items and form part of the distribution. Where such instruments are used to protect or enhance capital, the gains and losses derived therefrom are included in the Statement of total return as capital related items.

h Dilution levy

The need to charge a dilution levy will depend on the volume of sales or redemptions. The ACD may charge a discretionary dilution levy on the sale and redemption of shares if, in its opinion, the existing shareholders (for sales) or remaining shareholders (for redemptions) might otherwise be adversely affected, and if charging a dilution levy is, so far as practicable, fair to all shareholders and potential shareholders. Please refer to the Prospectus for further information.

Accounting policies of The Stellar Fund (continued)

for the year ended 5 April 2024

- i Distribution policies
- i Basis of distribution

The distribution policy is to distribute all available revenue after deduction of expenses payable from revenue. Distributions attributable to income shares are paid to shareholders.

ii Unclaimed distributions

Distributions to shareholders outstanding after 6 years are taken to the capital property of the Fund.

iii Revenue

All revenue is included in the final distribution with reference to policy d.

iv Expenses

Expenses incurred against the revenue of the Fund are included in the final distribution, subject to any expense which may be transferred to capital for the purpose of calculating the distribution, with reference to policy e.

v Equalisation

Group 2 shares are shares purchased on or after the previous XD date and before the current XD date. Equalisation applies only to group 2 shares. Equalisation is the average amount of revenue included in the purchase price of group 2 shares and is refunded to holders of these shares as a return of capital. Being capital it is not liable to income tax in the hands of the shareholders but must be deducted from the cost of shares for capital gains tax purposes. Equalisation per share is disclosed in the Distribution table.

Investment Manager's report

Investment performance*

Performance of the Fund to 5 April 2024^{\wedge}

	6 months	1 year	5 years^^	10 years^^
The Stellar Fund	12.9%	11.8%	6.3%	7.0%
CPI (Consumer Price Index) +4%	2.8%	7.6%	9.2%	7.8%

The Fund produced a total return of +11.8% for the year ended 5 April 2024, ahead of the target benchmark CPI+4% target return of +7.6%. We have seen strong headline returns from the major asset classes, particularly within the equity exposure, as the positive finish to last year has continued into the first quarter of 2024.

Equities within the Fund returned +14.0% during the year. Whilst there was a brief respite at the end of 2023, with a broadening of the equity market rally across sectors and regions more recently, returns have once again been dominated by large US technology companies. Fortunately, we have significant exposure in this area but it remains challenging to keep pace with such a focussed market, while still maintaining prudent diversification across a range of high-quality companies in other sectors. Companies within our Digitalisation theme were the top contributors to performance over the year, with examples including Meta Platforms 'A', NVIDIA and Amazon.com.

The alternative allocation, which is comprised of a mixture of listed private equity, alternative energy, gold and infrastructure, produced a negative return of 3.6% over the year. The allocations to absolute return funds, private equity and commodities (particularly gold) produced positive returns, but this was not enough to offset the continued weakness in infrastructure and renewable assets. However, we maintain that the diversification brought by this asset class is just as important as ever in times of such volatility and uncertainty.

Investment activities*

We have been increasing the Fund's equity exposure since the start of the year, which currently sits at 83% of the portfolio, with a continued focus on recession-proof earnings.

Stock market returns broadened with US markets reaching all-time highs, but semiconductor-related stocks were the standout performers. Highlights included reassuring earnings reports from technology companies and continued confidence in Artificial Intelligence ('AI'). We initiated a position in NVIDIA, the global leader in supplying chips for AI development, which was a significant driver of returns over the year. A company earnings report showed continued AI-related demand for its semiconductor products and excellent pricing power. Another significant purchase in the technology-space was Apple, which is set to benefit from the ongoing improvements in high-performance computing, leading to the release of ever more powerful smartphone devices to the market. Other notable purchases include Alphabet 'A' and Amazon.com. Within alternatives allocation, we increased our exposure to gold through adding to our position in Invesco Physical Gold, the largest purchase over the year.

In terms of transactions, the Fund sold its holding in the cyber security company Palo Alto Networks, following strong performance and concern around valuation hype associated with technology more generally. The holding in Reckitt Benckiser Group was sold on the announcement of a negative ruling relating to its infant nutrition brand in the US. We reduced our exposure to alternatives through the partial sales of Coremont Investment Fund - Brevan Howard Absolute Return Government Bond Fund and Neuberger Berman Uncorrelated Strategies Fund during the year.

Investment strategy and outlook

Global inflation continues to fall back towards our target level and we expect to see interest rate cuts in both the UK and the US later in the year. The US election will have some impact on the US Federal Reserve ('Fed') policy, as they will be keen to avoid accusations of political bias with aggressive rate cuts, but normal service will resume early in 2025 whoever is in office.

^{*} Source: Sarasin & Partners LLP and Bloomberg.

[^] Source: Sarasin & Partners LLP, total return, net of fees. Valuation point as at 28 March 2024, 12pm.

^{^^} Annualised basis.

Investment Manager's report (continued)

Investment strategy and outlook (continued)

The outlook for the global economy is one of stable but low growth into the foreseeable future, a favourable backdrop for our long-term thematic approach and one which should also allow central banks to revert to more accommodative and stable monetary policy. Corporate profitability and cash flow generation remains robust, fuelling dividend growth and share buy-back programmes well ahead of global inflation.

Arguably, the biggest risk to the current benign mood in markets is the impact of Quantitative Tightening (the shrinking of central bank balance sheets), alongside the alarming growth in sovereign debt across the developed world. This is a long-term concern we must monitor carefully and is a good reason to maintain a well-diversified portfolio of equities and not one overly focussed on US technology. However, as the Fed appears to be successfully engineering a 'soft' landing for their economy, we expect markets to continue to respond positively and are happy to remain overweight risk assets across multi asset portfolios.

We remain confident that the portfolio is well positioned in global leaders supported by robust thematic tailwinds, and that it will be rewarded with a premium stock market rating through the next phase of the economic cycle.

Sarasin & Partners LLP 18 April 2024

Summary of portfolio changes for the year ended 5 April 2024

The following represents the major purchases and sales in the year to reflect a clearer picture of the investment activities.

	Cost £
Purchases: Invesco Physical Gold	
	2,917,270
Apple Compass Group	1,978,994
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing ADR	1,962,986 1,628,045
Tetra Tech	1,456,315
Dassault Systemes	1,358,850
Amazon.com	1,307,047
Fulcrum UCITS SICAV-Fulcrum Equity Dispersion Fund	1,287,694
Alphabet 'A'	1,226,521
NVIDIA	1,205,057
Equinor	1,127,296
TE Connectivity	1,106,835
Broadcom	985,623
Lynas Rare Earths	893,966
American Tower	868,278
Ecolab	852,730
Siemens Healthineers	846,392
Independence Group	834,789
Eli Lilly	830,888
Microsoft	704,931
	Due e e e ele
Sales:	Proceeds
Sales: Reckitt Benckiser Group	£
Reckitt Benckiser Group	£ 2,066,590
Reckitt Benckiser Group Aramark	£ 2,066,590 1,812,069
Reckitt Benckiser Group Aramark Palo Alto Networks	£ 2,066,590 1,812,069 1,797,346
Reckitt Benckiser Group Aramark Palo Alto Networks Equinix	£ 2,066,590 1,812,069 1,797,346 1,715,822
Reckitt Benckiser Group Aramark Palo Alto Networks Equinix Invesco Physical Gold	£ 2,066,590 1,812,069 1,797,346 1,715,822 1,526,443
Reckitt Benckiser Group Aramark Palo Alto Networks Equinix Invesco Physical Gold Unilever	£ 2,066,590 1,812,069 1,797,346 1,715,822 1,526,443 1,418,204
Reckitt Benckiser Group Aramark Palo Alto Networks Equinix Invesco Physical Gold	£ 2,066,590 1,812,069 1,797,346 1,715,822 1,526,443 1,418,204 1,331,697
Reckitt Benckiser Group Aramark Palo Alto Networks Equinix Invesco Physical Gold Unilever Tencent Holdings	£ 2,066,590 1,812,069 1,797,346 1,715,822 1,526,443 1,418,204 1,331,697 1,331,634
Reckitt Benckiser Group Aramark Palo Alto Networks Equinix Invesco Physical Gold Unilever Tencent Holdings Coremont Investment Fund - Brevan Howard Absolute Return Government Bond Fund	£ 2,066,590 1,812,069 1,797,346 1,715,822 1,526,443 1,418,204 1,331,697
Reckitt Benckiser Group Aramark Palo Alto Networks Equinix Invesco Physical Gold Unilever Tencent Holdings Coremont Investment Fund - Brevan Howard Absolute Return Government Bond Fund Neuberger Berman Uncorrelated Strategies Fund	£ 2,066,590 1,812,069 1,797,346 1,715,822 1,526,443 1,418,204 1,331,697 1,331,634 1,210,747
Reckitt Benckiser GroupAramarkPalo Alto NetworksEquinixInvesco Physical GoldUnileverTencent HoldingsCoremont Investment Fund - Brevan Howard Absolute Return Government Bond FundNeuberger Berman Uncorrelated Strategies FundInternational Flavors & Fragrances	£ 2,066,590 1,812,069 1,797,346 1,715,822 1,526,443 1,418,204 1,331,697 1,331,634 1,210,747 1,194,792
Reckitt Benckiser GroupAramarkPalo Alto NetworksEquinixInvesco Physical GoldUnileverTencent HoldingsCoremont Investment Fund - Brevan Howard Absolute Return Government Bond FundNeuberger Berman Uncorrelated Strategies FundInternational Flavors & FragrancesJPMorgan Chase	£ 2,066,590 1,812,069 1,797,346 1,715,822 1,526,443 1,418,204 1,331,697 1,331,634 1,210,747 1,194,792 1,070,244
Reckitt Benckiser GroupAramarkPalo Alto NetworksEquinixInvesco Physical GoldUnileverTencent HoldingsCoremont Investment Fund - Brevan Howard Absolute Return Government Bond FundNeuberger Berman Uncorrelated Strategies FundInternational Flavors & FragrancesJPMorgan ChasePayPal Holdings	£ 2,066,590 1,812,069 1,797,346 1,715,822 1,526,443 1,418,204 1,331,697 1,331,634 1,210,747 1,194,792 1,070,244 1,033,467
Reckitt Benckiser GroupAramarkPalo Alto NetworksEquinixInvesco Physical GoldUnileverTencent HoldingsCoremont Investment Fund - Brevan Howard Absolute Return Government Bond FundNeuberger Berman Uncorrelated Strategies FundInternational Flavors & FragrancesJPMorgan ChasePayPal HoldingsMeta Platforms 'A'	£ 2,066,590 1,812,069 1,797,346 1,715,822 1,526,443 1,418,204 1,331,697 1,331,634 1,210,747 1,194,792 1,070,244 1,033,467 1,005,555
Reckitt Benckiser GroupAramarkPalo Alto NetworksEquinixInvesco Physical GoldUnileverTencent HoldingsCoremont Investment Fund - Brevan Howard Absolute Return Government Bond FundNeuberger Berman Uncorrelated Strategies FundInternational Flavors & FragrancesJPMorgan ChasePayPal HoldingsMeta Platforms 'A'DS Smith	£ 2,066,590 1,812,069 1,797,346 1,715,822 1,526,443 1,418,204 1,331,697 1,331,634 1,210,747 1,194,792 1,070,244 1,033,467 1,005,555 872,346
Reckitt Benckiser GroupAramarkPalo Alto NetworksEquinixInvesco Physical GoldUnileverTencent HoldingsCoremont Investment Fund - Brevan Howard Absolute Return Government Bond FundNeuberger Berman Uncorrelated Strategies FundInternational Flavors & FragrancesJPMorgan ChasePayPal HoldingsMeta Platforms 'A'DS SmithAlphabet 'A'	£ 2,066,590 1,812,069 1,797,346 1,715,822 1,526,443 1,418,204 1,331,697 1,331,634 1,210,747 1,194,792 1,070,244 1,033,467 1,005,555 872,346 805,276
Reckitt Benckiser GroupAramarkPalo Alto NetworksEquinixInvesco Physical GoldUnileverTencent HoldingsCoremont Investment Fund - Brevan Howard Absolute Return Government Bond FundNeuberger Berman Uncorrelated Strategies FundInternational Flavors & FragrancesJPMorgan ChasePayPal HoldingsMeta Platforms 'A'DS SmithAlphabet 'A'Alstom	£ 2,066,590 1,812,069 1,797,346 1,715,822 1,526,443 1,418,204 1,331,697 1,331,634 1,210,747 1,194,792 1,070,244 1,033,467 1,005,555 872,346 805,276 797,674
Reckitt Benckiser GroupAramarkPalo Alto NetworksEquinixInvesco Physical GoldUnileverTencent HoldingsCoremont Investment Fund - Brevan Howard Absolute Return Government Bond FundNeuberger Berman Uncorrelated Strategies FundInternational Flavors & FragrancesJPMorgan ChasePayPal HoldingsMeta Platforms 'A'DS SmithAlphabet 'A'AstomSmith & Nephew	£ 2,066,590 1,812,069 1,797,346 1,715,822 1,526,443 1,418,204 1,331,697 1,331,634 1,210,747 1,194,792 1,070,244 1,033,467 1,005,555 872,346 805,276 797,674 783,437

Portfolio statement

as at 5 April 2024

Investment	Nominal value or holding	Market value £	% of total net assets
	Holding	2	
Equities 84.47% (78.07%)			
Equities - United Kingdom 7.02% (13.97%)			
Equities - incorporated in the United Kingdom 7.02% (12.75%)			
Materials 0.54% (1.17%)			
DS Smith	140,656	576,408	0.54
Consumer Discretionary 1.79% (0.00%)			
Compass Group	86,164	1,912,841	1.79
	-		
Consumer Staples 0.00% (4.38%)		-	-
Health Care 0.78% (1.89%)			
Smith & Nephew	85,667	834,568	0.78
	-		
Financials 3.91% (5.31%)			
London Stock Exchange Group	30,420	2,852,179	2.67
Prudential	184,740	1,325,694	1.24
		4,177,873	3.91
Total equities - incorporated in the United Kingdom	-	7,501,690	7.02
	-	7,501,070	7.02
Equities - incorporated outwith the United Kingdom 0.00% (1.22%)			
Communication Services 0.00% (1.22%)		-	-
	-	7.501.400	
Total equities - United Kingdom	-	7,501,690	7.02
Equities - Europe 18.25% (13.80%)			
Equities - France 4.34% (3.91%)			
Air Liquide	10,694	1,719,735	1.61
Dassault Systemes	41,531	1,429,782	1.34
EssilorLuxottica	8,533	1,487,118	1.39
Total equities - France	-	4,636,635	4.34
Equities - Germany 2.29% (1.20%)	10.070	1 (00 707	1.00
Siemens	10,072	1,489,787	1.39
Siemens Healthineers	20,262	966,570	0.90
Total equities - Germany	-	2,456,357	2.29
Equities - Ireland 1.88% (2.14%)			
Medtronic	29,978	2,009,466	1.88
	-		
Equities - Luxembourg 1.75% (1.86%)			
Samsonite International	637,200	1,871,432	1.75

Portfolio statement (continued) as at 5 April 2024

	Nominal value or	Market value	% of total net assets
Investment	holding	£	
Equities (continued) Equities - Europe (continued) Equities - Netherlands 3.08% (3.45%)			
ASML Holding	4,238	3,292,042	3.08
Equities - Norway 1.98% (1.24%) Equinor	95,495	2,113,621	1.98
Equinor	75,475	2,110,021	1.70
Equities - Switzerland 2.93% (0.00%)			
DSM-Firmenich	21,830	1,932,206	1.81
TE Connectivity	10,479	1,201,968	1.12
Total equities - Switzerland		3,134,174	2.93
Total equities - Europe		19,513,727	18.25
Equities - United States 50.96% (42.45%)			
Alphabet 'A'	34,389	4,156,070	3.88
Amazon.com	35,871	5,259,146	4.92
American Tower	5,200	784,236	0.73
Amgen	8,913	1,907,037	1.78
Apple	13,721	1,844,587	1.72
Broadcom	929	985,292	0.92
CME Group	18,722	3,131,837	2.93
Colgate-Palmolive	18,674	1,300,747	1.22
Costco Wholesale	3,313	1,873,361	1.75
Deere	3,826	1,251,340	1.16
Ecolab	17,616	3,179,357	2.97
Eli Lilly	1,715	1,065,575	1.00
Mastercard	5,286	1,998,022	1.87
Merck	13,235	1,343,174	1.26
Meta Platforms 'A'	7,545	3,150,853	2.94
Microsoft	12,026	4,055,385	3.79
Middleby	16,089	1,920,450	1.79
Moody's	7,004	2,177,856	2.04
NVIDIA	3,349	2,335,843	2.18
Otis Worldwide	19,220	1,489,327	1.39
Service Corporation International	27,530	1,582,154	1.48
ServiceNow	2,924	1,814,834	1.70
Tetra Tech	11,322	1,731,040	1.62
Thermo Fisher Scientific	4,191	1,925,066	1.80
Walt Disney	24,116	2,263,522	2.12
Total equities - United States		54,526,111	50.96
Fourities Australia 0.707 (0.007)			
Equities - Australia 0.70% (0.00%)	253,392	747 010	0.70
Lynas Rare Earths	200,072	747,212	0.70

Portfolio statement (continued) as at 5 April 2024

	Nominal value or	Market value	% of total net assets
Investment	holding	£	
Equities (continued)			
Equities - Asia Pacific 6.31% (6.35%)			
Equities - Hong Kong 1.37% (2.25%)			
AIA Group	270,000	1,467,012	1.37
Equities - Japan 1.59% (2.57%)			
Daikin Industries	8,800	928,041	0.87
Shiseido	35,800	774,377	0.72
Total equities - Japan		1,702,418	1.59
Equities - Taiwan 3.35% (1.53%)			
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing ADR	31,953	3,580,226	3.35
		(7 10 / 5 /	
Total equities - Asia Pacific	-	6,749,656	6.31
Equities - India 1.23% (1.50%)			
HDFC Bank	28,265	1,321,207	1.23
Total equities		90,359,603	84.47
Closed-Ended Funds 6.72% (11.63%)			
Closed-Ended Funds - United Kingdom 6.48% (9.99%)			
Closed-Ended Funds - incorporated in the United Kingdom 2.12% (3.80%)			
BioPharma Credit	1,335,866	934,105	0.87
Gresham House Energy Storage Fund	462,940	189,805	0.18
HgCapital Trust	153,462	732,014	0.68
Octopus Renewables Infrastructure Trust	598,113	419,876	0.39
Total closed-ended funds - incorporated in the United Kingdom		2,275,800	2.12
Closed-Ended Funds - incorporated outwith the United Kingdom 4.36% (6.19	9%)		
3i Infrastructure	, 332,384	1,081,910	1.01
Cordiant Digital Infrastructure	933,477	591,825	0.55
International Public Partnerships	1,287,424	1,604,130	1.50
Renewables Infrastructure Group	1,050,943	1,040,434	0.97
Schiehallion Fund	603,770	359,002	0.33
Total closed-ended funds - incorporated outwith the United Kingdom		4,677,301	4.36
Total closed-ended funds - United Kingdom		6,953,101	6.48
Classed Ended Funds Oversegs 0.247 (1.447)			
Closed-Ended Funds - Overseas 0.24% (1.64%) BBGI SICAV	198,136	258,369	0.24
Total closed-ended funds		7,211,470	6.72

Portfolio statement (continued)

as at 5 April 2024

	Nominal value or	Market value	% of total net assets
Investment	holding	£	
Offshore Collective Investment Schemes 2.00% (4.20%)			
Coremont Investment Fund			0.10
- Brevan Howard Absolute Return Government Bond Fund	4,054	524,928	0.49
Fulcrum UCITS SICAV-Fulcrum Equity Dispersion Fund	8,689	1,100,322	1.03
PIMCO GIS TRENDS Managed Futures Strategy Fund	58,770	517,764	0.48
Total offshore collective investment schemes		2,143,014	2.00
Exchange Traded Commodities 4.36% (3.84%)			
Invesco Physical Gold	26,274	4,668,017	4.36
Forward currency contracts -0.03% (0.00%)			
Sell US dollar	-\$6,070,000	(4,810,075)	
Buy UK sterling	£4,779,264	4,779,264	
Expiry date 20 June 2024		(30,811)	(0.03)
1- /			(/
Investment assets		104,382,104	97.55
Investment liabilities		(30,811)	(0.03)
Portfolio of investments		104,351,293	97.52
Other net assets		2,650,174	2.48
Total net assets		107,001,467	100.00

All investments are listed on recognised stock exchanges and are approved securities or regulated collective investment schemes within the meaning of the FCA rules unless otherwise stated. Forward contracts are not listed on stock exchanges and are considered over-the-counter instruments.

The comparative figures in brackets are as at 5 April 2023.

United Kingdom equities are grouped in accordance with Global Industry Classification Standard ('GICS').

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Risk and reward profile^{*}

The risk and reward indicator table demonstrates where the Fund ranks in terms of its potential risk and reward. The higher the rank the greater the potential reward but the greater the risk of losing money. It is based on past data, may change over time and may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the Fund. The shaded area in the table below shows the Fund's ranking on the risk and reward indicator.

Typically lower rewards,			Typicall	y higher re	ewards,			
← lower risk hig			higher risk	\rightarrow				
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	

The Fund is in a higher category because the price of its investments have risen or fallen frequently and more dramatically than some other types of investment. The category shown is not guaranteed to remain unchanged and may shift over time. Even the lowest category does not mean a risk-free investment.

For full details on risk factors for the Fund, please refer to the Prospectus.

There have been no changes to the risk and reward indicator in the year.

^{*} As per the KIID published 7 June 2024.

Comparative table

The following disclosures give a shareholder an indication of the performance of a share in the Fund. It also discloses the operating charges and direct transaction costs applied to each share. Operating charges are those charges incurred in operating the Fund and direct transaction costs are costs incurred when purchasing or selling securities in the portfolio of investments.

	2024	2023	2022
Income	q	р	р
Change in net assets per share			
Opening net asset value per share	179.83	191.06	188.53
Return before operating charges	19.75	(7.89)	5.55
Operating charges	(1.21)	(1.43)	(1.58)
Return after operating charges *	18.54	(9.32)	3.97
Distributions [^]	(2.45)	(1.91)	(1.44)
Closing net asset value per share	195.92	179.83	191.06
* after direct transaction costs of:	0.09	0.11	0.30
Performance			
Return after charges	10.31%	(4.88%)	2.11%
Other information			
Closing net asset value (£)	107,001,467	94,934,354	101,430,591
Closing number of shares	54,614,992	52,791,084	53,088,230
Operating charges ^{^^}	0.66%	0.79%	0.87%
Direct transaction costs	0.05%	0.06%	0.17%
Published prices			
Highest share price	199.6	192.4	201.1
Lowest share price	172.8	172.0	178.6

Investments carry risk. Past performance is not a guide to future performance. Investors may not get back the amount invested.

^ Rounded to 2 decimal places.

^^ The operating charges are represented by the Ongoing Charges Figure ('OCF'). The OCF consists principally of the ACD's periodic charge and the Investment Manager's fee which are included in the annual management charge, but also includes the costs for other services paid. It is indicative of the charges which may occur in a year as it is calculated on historical data.

The OCF includes expenses incurred by underlying holdings of collective investment schemes and closed ended vehicles such as investment trusts in relation to the Fund (the synthetic 'OCF'). Following guidance issued by the Investment Association on 30 November 2023, the synthetic OCF calculation no longer includes closed ended vehicles.

Financial statements - The Stellar Fund

Statement of total return for the year ended 5 April 2024

	Notes	2024		2023	
		£	£	£	£
Income:					
Net capital gains / (losses)	2		8,794,656		(6,127,538)
Revenue	3	2,056,810		1,796,396	
Expenses	4	(614,482)		(632,609)	
Net revenue before taxation		1,442,328		1,163,787	
Taxation	5	(133,666)		(109,345)	
Net revenue after taxation		-	1,308,662	-	1,054,442
Total return before distributions			10,103,318		(5,073,096)
Distributions	6		(1,308,743)		(1,054,235)
Change in net assets attributable to shareholders					
from investment activities		=	8,794,575	=	(6,127,331)

Statement of change in net assets attributable to shareholders for the year ended 5 April 2024

	20)24	20	023
	£	£	£	£
Opening net assets attributable to shareholders		94,934,354		101,430,591
Amounts receivable on issue of shares Amounts payable on cancellation of shares	3,845,560 (573,022)		4,603,091 (4,971,997)	
		3,272,538		(368,906)
Change in net assets attributable to shareholders				
from investment activities		8,794,575		(6,127,331)
Closing net assets attributable to shareholders		107,001,467		94,934,354

Balance sheet

as at 5 April 2024

	Notes	2024 £	2023 £
Assets:		du	du
Fixed assets:			
Investments		104,382,104	92,793,865
Current assets:			
Debtors	7	974,681	968,230
Cash and cash equivalents	8	4,060,900	7,044,595
Total assets		109,417,685	100,806,690
Liabilities:			
Investment liabilities		(30,811)	(2,150)
Creditors:			
Distribution payable		(1,339,706)	(1,008,310)
Other creditors	9	(1,045,701)	(4,861,876)
Total liabilities		(2,416,218)	(5,872,336)
		(2,410,210)	(3,67 2,336)
Net assets attributable to shareholders		107,001,467	94,934,354

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 5 April 2024

Accounting policies The accounting policies are disclosed on pages 13 to 15.

2.	Net capital gains / (losses)	2024	2023
		£	£
	Non-derivative securities - realised losses	(3,819,091)	(650,042)
	Non-derivative securities - movement in unrealised gains / (losses)	12,675,547	(4,349,019)
	Derivative contracts - realised losses	(32,643)	-
	Currency losses	(1,682)	(27,369)
	Forward currency contracts losses	(19,732)	(1,094,887)
	Compensation	19	-
	Transaction charges	(7,762)	(6,221)
	Total net capital gains / (losses)	8,794,656	(6,127,538)
3.	Revenue	2024	2023
		£	£
	UK revenue	388,433	397,073
	Unfranked revenue	198,672	221,648
	Overseas revenue	1,300,926	1,165,366
	Interest on debt securities	139,276	-
	Bank and deposit interest	29,503	12,309
	Total revenue	2,056,810	1,796,396
4.	Expenses	2024	2023
		£	£
	Payable to the ACD and associates		
	ACD's periodic charge*	146,882	150,343
	Investment Manager's fee*	419,016	425,686
	-	565,898	576,029
	Payable to the Depositary		
	Depositary fees	30,820	31,508
	Other expenses:		
	Audit fee	8,700	7,560
	Non-executive directors' fees	1,760	1,565
	Safe custody fees	6,233	5,614
	Bank interest (including futures overdraft interest)	-	9,029
	FCA fee	612	823
	KIID production fee	459	481
		17,764	25,072
	Total expenses	614,482	632,609
	=		

* The annual management charge is 0.58% and includes the ACD's periodic charge and the Investment Manager's fees.

for the year ended 5 April 2024

2024	2023
£	£
133,666	109,345
133,666	109,345
	£ 133,666

b. Factors affecting the tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is lower (2023: lower) than the standard rate of UK corporation tax for an authorised collective investment scheme of 20% (2023: 20%). The differences are explained below:

	2024	2023
	£	£
Net revenue before taxation	1,442,328	1,163,787
Corporation tax @ 20%	288,466	232,757
Effects of:		
UK revenue	(77,687)	(79,415)
Overseas revenue	(249,972)	(226,003)
Overseas tax withheld	133,666	109,345
Excess management expenses	39,193	72,661
Total taxation (note 5a)	133,666	109,345

c. Provision for deferred taxation

At the year end, a deferred tax asset has not been recognised in respect of timing differences relating to excess management expenses as there is insufficient evidence that the asset will be recovered. The amount of the asset not recognised is \pounds 345,753 (2023: \pounds 306,560).

6. Distributions

The distributions take account of revenue added on the issue of shares and revenue deducted on the cancellation of shares, and comprise:

Final income distribution	2024 £ 1,339,706	2023 £ 1,008,310
Equalisation: Amounts deducted on cancellation of shares Amounts added on issue of shares Total net distributions	4,200 (35,163) 1,308,743	51,162 (5,237) 1,054,235
Reconciliation between net revenue and distributions:		
Net revenue after taxation per Statement of total return	1,308,662	1,054,442
Undistributed revenue brought forward Undistributed revenue carried forward Distributions	400 (319) 1,308,743	193 (400) 1,054,235

Details of the distribution per share are disclosed in the Distribution table.

for the year ended 5 April 2024

7.	Debtors	2024	2023
		£	£
	Sales awaiting settlement	826,971	785,235
	Accrued revenue	113,284	173,623
	Recoverable overseas withholding tax	34,426	9,372
	Total debtors	974,681	968,230
8.	Cash and cash equivalents	2024	2023
		£	£
	Bank balances	4,058,451	7,044,595
	Amounts held at futures clearing houses and brokers	2,449	-
	Total cash and cash equivalents	4,060,900	7,044,595
9.	Other creditors	2024	2023
		£	£
	Amounts payable on cancellation of shares	-	4,803,000
	Purchases awaiting settlement	985,634	-
	Currency trades outstanding	-	3,037
	Accrued expenses:		
	Payable to the ACD and associates		
	ACD's periodic charge	3,560	2,063
	Investment Manager's fees	43,590	42,520
		47,150	44,583
	Other expenses:		
	Depositary fees	734	433
	Safe custody fees	1,759	1,061
	Audit fee	8,700	7,560
	Non-executive directors' fees	511	1,175
	FCA fee	8	11
	KIID production fee	89	130
	Transaction charges	1,116	886
		12,917	11,256
	Total accrued expenses	60,067	55,839
	Total other creditors	1,045,701	4,861,876
10	. Commitments and contingent liabilities		

At the balance sheet date there are no commitments or contingent liabilities.

11. Share classes

The following reflects the change in shares in issue in the year:

	Income
Opening shares in issue	52,791,084
Total shares issued in the year	2,134,068
Total shares cancelled in the year	(310,160)
Closing shares in issue	54,614,992

Further information in respect of the return per share is disclosed in the Comparative table.

for the year ended 5 April 2024

12. Related party transactions

Evelyn Partners Fund Solutions Limited, as ACD is a related party due to its ability to act in respect of the operations of the Fund.

The ACD acts as principal in respect of all transactions of shares in the Fund. The aggregate monies received and paid through the creation and cancellation of shares are disclosed in the Statement of change in net assets attributable to shareholders of the Fund.

Amounts payable to the ACD and its associates are disclosed in note 4. The amount due to the ACD and its associates at the balance sheet date is disclosed in note 9.

13. Events after the balance sheet date

Subsequent to the year end, the net asset value per income share has increased from 195.9p to 200.5p as at 23 July 2024. This movement takes into account routine transactions but also reflects the market movements of recent months.

- 14. Transaction costs
- a Direct transaction costs

Direct transaction costs include fees and commissions paid to agents, advisers, brokers and dealers; levies by regulatory agencies and security exchanges; and transfer taxes and duties.

Commission is a charge which is deducted from the proceeds of the sale of securities and added to the cost of the purchase of securities. This charge is a payment to agents, advisers, brokers and dealers in respect of their services in executing the trades.

Tax is payable on the purchase of securities in the United Kingdom. It may be the case that 'other taxes' will be charged on the purchase of securities in countries other than the United Kingdom.

The total purchases and sales and the related direct transaction costs incurred in these transactions are as follows:

	Purchases before transaction costs	Commi	ission	Tax	əs	Finar transc tc	action	Purchases after transaction costs
2024	£	£	%	£	%	£	%	£
Equities	31,221,675	18,232	0.06%	13,214	0.04%	1,665	0.01%	31,254,786
Closed-Ended Funds	647,954	304	0.05%	898	0.14%	-	-	649,156
Bonds*	1,734,890	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,734,890
Collective Investment Schemes*	1,287,694	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,287,694
Exchange Traded Commodities	2,916,541	729	0.03%	-	-	-	-	2,917,270
Total	37,808,754	19,265	0.13%	14,112	0.18%	1,665	0.01%	37,843,796

	Purchases before transaction costs	Commi	ission	Tax	es	Finar transc tc	action	Purchases after transaction costs
2023	£	£	%	£	%	£	%	£
Equities	35,841,127	19,275	0.05%	13,415	0.04%	738	0.00%	35,874,555
Closed-Ended Funds	3,707,766	2,009	0.05%	9,309	0.25%	-	-	3,719,084
Collective Investment Schemes*	5,003,257	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,003,257
Exchange Traded Commodities	823,112	206	0.03%	-	-	-	-	823,318
Total	45,375,262	21,490	0.13%	22,724	0.29%	738	0.00%	45,420,214

* No direct transaction costs were incurred in these transactions.

for the year ended 5 April 2024

14. Transaction costs (continued)

a Direct transaction costs (continued)

	Sales before transaction costs	Commi	ssion	Taxe	es	Finar transa ta	ction	Sales after transaction costs
2024	£	£	%	£	%	£	%	£
Equities	24,994,700	(12,021)	0.05%	(26)	0.00%	-	-	24,982,653
Closed-Ended Funds	3,582,702	(1,562)	0.04%	(14)	0.00%	-	-	3,581,126
Bonds*	1,847,068	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,847,068
Collective Investment Schemes*	3,224,372	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,224,372
Exchange Traded Commodities	1,526,825	(382)	0.03%	-	-	-	-	1,526,443
Total	35,175,667	(13,965)	0.12%	(40)	0.00%	-	-	35,161,662
	Sales before transaction costs	Commi	ssion	Taxe	es	Finar transa ta	ction	Sales after transaction costs
2023	£	£	%	£	%	£	%	£
Equities	34,326,043	(12,088)	0.04%	(60)	0.00%	-	-	34,313,895
Closed-Ended Funds	2,493,901	(1,001)	0.04%	(15)	0.00%	-	-	2,492,885
Collective Investment Schemes*	2,356,697	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,356,697
Exchange Traded Commodities	5,470,224	(1,368)	0.03%	-	-	-	-	5,468,856
Total	44,646,865	(14,457)	0.10%	(75)	0.00%	-	-	44,632,333

Capital events amount of $\pounds 1$ (2023: $\pounds 3,601$) is excluded from the total sales as there were no direct transaction costs charged in these transactions.

Summary of direct transaction costs

The following represents the total of each type of transaction cost, expressed as a percentage of the Fund's average net asset value in the year:

2024	£	% of average net asset value
Commission	33,230	0.03%
Taxes	14,152	0.02%
Financial transaction tax	1,665	0.00%
2023	£	% of average net asset value
2023 Commission	£ 35,947	0
		net asset value

b Average portfolio dealing spread

The average portfolio dealing spread is calculated as the difference between the bid and offer value of the portfolio as a percentage of the offer value.

The average portfolio dealing spread of the investments at the balance sheet date was 0.11% (2023: 0.13%).

* No direct transaction costs were incurred in these transactions.

for the year ended 5 April 2024

15. Risk management policies

In pursuing the Fund's investment objective, as set out in the Prospectus, the following are accepted by the ACD as being the main risks from the Fund's holding of financial instruments, either directly or indirectly through its underlying holdings. These are presented with the ACD's policy for managing these risks. To ensure these risks are consistently and effectively managed these are continually reviewed by the risk committee, a body appointed by the ACD, which sets the risk appetite and ensures continued compliance with the management of all known risks.

a Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the value of the Fund's financial instruments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices and comprise three elements: other price risk, currency risk, and interest rate risk.

(i) Other price risk

The Fund's exposure to price risk comprises mainly of movements in the value of investment positions in the face of price movements.

The main elements of the portfolio of investments exposed to this risk are equities, collective investment schemes, closed-ended funds and exchange traded commodities, which are disclosed in the Portfolio statement.

This risk is generally regarded as consisting of two elements: stock specific risk and market risk. Through these two factors, the Fund is exposed to price fluctuations, which are monitored by the ACD in pursuance of the investment objective and policy.

Adhering to investment guidelines and avoiding excessive exposure to one particular issuer can limit stock specific risk. Subject to compliance with the investment objective of the Fund, spreading exposure in the portfolio of investments both globally and across sectors or geography can mitigate market risk.

At 5 April 2024, if the price of the investments held by the Fund increased or decreased by 5%, with all other variables remaining constant, then the net assets attributable to shareholders of the Fund would increase or decrease by approximately £5,219,105 (2023: £4,639,636).

(ii) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of investments or future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of exchange rate movements. Investment in overseas securities or holdings of foreign currency cash will provide direct exposure to currency risk as a consequence of the movement in foreign exchange rates against sterling. Investments in UK securities investing in overseas securities will give rise to indirect exposure to currency risk. These fluctuations can also affect the profitability of some UK companies, and thus their market prices, as sterling's relative strength or weakness can affect export prospects, the value of overseas earnings in sterling terms, and the prices of imports sold in the UK.

Forward currency contracts may be used to manage the portfolio exposure to currency movements.

Forward currency contracts are used to help the Fund achieve its investment objective as stated in the Prospectus. The ACD monitors the exposure to these contracts to ensure they are in keeping with the investment objective.

for the year ended 5 April 2024

15. Risk management policies (continued)

(ii) Currency risk (continued)

The foreign currency risk profile of the Fund's financial instruments and cash holdings at the balance sheet date is as follows:

	Financial instruments and cash holdings	Net debtors and creditors	Total net foreign currency exposure
2024	£	£	£
Australian dollar	747,212	-	747,212
Euro	12,317,259	10,117	12,327,376
Hong Kong dollar	3,338,444	-	3,338,444
Japanese yen	1,702,418	4,971	1,707,389
Norwegian krone	2,113,621	23,227	2,136,848
US dollar	68,573,703	(908,716)	67,664,987
Total foreign currency exposure	88,792,657	(870,401)	87,922,256

Financial instruments and cash holdings	Net debtors and creditors	Total net foreign currency exposure
£	£	£
-	3,270	3,270
9,727,921	1,141	9,729,062
5,058,969	370,440	5,429,409
2,443,203	5,103	2,448,306
1,172,898	125,924	1,298,822
49,515,275	148,749	49,664,024
67,918,266	654,627	68,572,893
	instruments and cash holdings £ 9,727,921 5,058,969 2,443,203 1,172,898 49,515,275	instruments and cash holdings Net debtors and creditors £ 3,270 9,727,921 1,141 5,058,969 370,440 2,443,203 5,103 1,172,898 125,924 49,515,275 148,749

At 5 April 2024, if the value of sterling increased or decreased by 5% against all other currencies, with all other variables remaining constant, then the net assets attributable to shareholders of the Fund would increase or decrease by approximately £4,397,653 (2023: £3,404,122). Forward currency contracts are used to manage the portfolio exposure to currency movements.

(iii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of the Fund's investments will fluctuate as a result of interest rate changes.

During the year the Fund's direct exposure to interest rates consisted of cash and bank balances and interest bearing securities. The Fund also has indirect exposure to interest rate risk as it invests in bond funds. The amount of revenue receivable from bank balances or payable on bank overdrafts will be affected by fluctuations in interest rates. In the event of a change in interest rates, there would be no material impact upon the net assets of the Fund. The Fund would not in normal market conditions hold significant cash balances and would have limited borrowing capabilities as stipulated in the COLL rules.

Derivative contracts are not used to hedge against the exposure to interest rate risk.

There is no exposure to interest bearing securities at the balance sheet date.

for the year ended 5 April 2024

- 15. Risk management policies (continued)
- b Credit risk

This is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. This includes counterparty risk.

The Depositary has appointed the custodian to provide custody services for the assets of the Fund. There is a counterparty risk that the custodian could cease to be in a position to provide custody services to the Fund. The Fund's investments (excluding cash) are ring fenced hence the risk is considered to be negligible.

The Fund holds cash and cash deposits with financial institutions which potentially exposes the Fund to counterparty risk. The credit rating of the financial institution is taken into account so as to minimise the risk to the Fund of default.

Holdings in collective investment schemes are subject to direct credit risk. The exposure to pooled investment vehicles is unrated.

c Liquidity risk

A significant risk is the cancellation of shares which investors may wish to sell and that securities may have to be sold in order to fund such cancellations if insufficient cash is held at the bank to meet this obligation. If there were significant requests for the redemption of shares at a time when a large proportion of the portfolio of investments were not easily tradable due to market volumes or market conditions, the ability to fund those redemptions would be impaired and it might be necessary to suspend dealings in shares in the Fund.

Investments in smaller companies at times may prove illiquid, as by their nature they tend to have relatively modest traded share capital. Shifts in investor sentiment, or the announcement of new price sensitive information, can provoke significant movement in share prices, and make dealing in any quantity difficult.

The Fund may also invest in securities that are not listed or traded on any stock exchange. In such situations the Fund may not be able to immediately sell such securities.

The equity markets of emerging countries tend to be more volatile than the more developed markets of the world. Standards of disclosure and accounting regimes may not always fully comply with international criteria, and can make it difficult to establish accurate estimates of fundamental value. The dearth of accurate and meaningful information, and inefficiencies in its distribution, can leave emerging markets prone to sudden and unpredictable changes in sentiment. The resultant investment flows can trigger significant volatility in these relatively small and illiquid markets. At the same time, this lack of liquidity, together with low dealing volumes, can restrict the ACD's ability to execute substantial deals.

To reduce liquidity risk the ACD will ensure, in line with the limits stipulated within the COLL rules, a substantial portion of the Fund's assets consist of readily realisable securities. This is monitored on a monthly basis and reported to the Risk Committee together with historical outflows of the Fund.

In addition liquidity is subject to stress testing on an annual basis to assess the ability of the Fund to meet large redemptions, while still being able to adhere to its objective guidelines and the FCA investment borrowing regulations.

All of the financial liabilities are payable on demand. In the case of forward foreign currency contracts these are payable in less than one year.

d Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities

There is no material difference between the value of the financial assets and liabilities, as shown in the balance sheet, and their fair value.

for the year ended 5 April 2024

- 15. Risk management policies (continued)
- d Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities (continued)

To ensure this, the fair value pricing committee is a body appointed by the ACD to analyse, review and vote on price adjustments/maintenance where no current secondary market exists and/or where there are potential liquidity issues that would affect the disposal of an asset. In addition, the committee may also consider adjustments to the Fund's price should the constituent investments be exposed to closed markets during general market volatility or instability.

	Investment assets	Investment liabilities
Basis of valuation	2024	2024
	£	£
Quoted prices	102,239,090	-
Observable market data	2,143,014	(30,811)
Unobservable data		-
	104,382,104	(30,811)
	Investment	Investment
	assets	liabilities
Basis of valuation	2023	2023
	£	£
Quoted prices	88,803,679	-
Observable market data	3,990,186	(2,150)
Unobservable data		-
	92,793,865	(2,150)

No securities in the portfolio of investments are valued using valuation techniques.

Assets subject to special arrangements arising from their illiquid nature There are no assets held in the portfolio of investments which are subject to special arrangements arising from their illiquid nature.

f Derivatives

The Fund may employ derivatives with the aim of reducing the Fund's risk profile, reducing costs or generating additional capital or revenue, in accordance with Efficient Portfolio Management.

The ACD monitors that any exposure is covered globally to ensure adequate cover is available to meet the Fund's total exposure, taking into account the value of the underlying investments, any reasonably foreseeable market movement, counterparty risk, and the time available to liquidate any positions.

In the year there was direct exposure to derivatives. On a daily basis, exposure is calculated in UK sterling using the commitment approach with netting applied where appropriate. The total global exposure figure is divided by the net asset value of the Fund to calculate the percentage global exposure. Global exposure is a risk mitigation technique that monitors the overall commitment to derivatives in the Fund at any given time and may not exceed 100% of the net asset value of the property of the Fund.

For certain derivative transactions cash margins may be required to be paid to the brokers with whom the trades were executed and settled. These balances are subject to daily reconciliations and are held by the broker in segregated cash accounts that are afforded client money protection.

Derivatives may be used for investment purposes and as a result could potentially impact upon the risk factors outlined above.

for the year ended 5 April 2024

- 15. Risk management policies (continued)
- f Derivatives (continued)
- (i) Counterparties

Transactions in securities give rise to exposure to the risk that the counterparties may not be able to fulfil their responsibility by completing their side of the transaction. This risk is mitigated by the Fund using a range of brokers for security transactions, thereby diversifying the risk of exposure to any one broker. In addition the Fund will only transact with brokers who are subject to frequent reviews with whom transaction limits are set.

The Fund may transact in derivative contracts which potentially exposes the Fund to counterparty risk from the counterparty not settling their side of the contract. Transactions involving derivatives are entered into only with investment banks and brokers with appropriate and approved credit rating, which are regularly monitored. Forward currency transactions are only undertaken with the custodians appointed by the Depositary.

At the balance sheet date, there are no securities in the portfolio of investments subject to a repurchase agreement.

(ii) Leverage

The leverage is calculated as the exposure generated through the use of derivatives (calculated in accordance with the commitment approach) divided by the net asset value.

There have been no leveraging arrangements in the year.

(iii) Global exposure

Global exposure is a measure designed to limit the leverage generated by a fund through the use of financial derivative instruments, including derivatives with embedded assets.

At the balance sheet date the global exposure is as follows:

	Gross	% of the
	exposure	total net
	value	asset value
	£	
Investment		
Forward Currency Contracts		
Value of short position - US dollar	4,810,075	4.50%

There have been no collateral arrangements in the year.

Distribution table

for the year ended 5 April 2024

Final distribution in pence per share

Group 1 - Shares purchased before 6 April 2023

Group 2 - Shares purchased 6 April 2023 to 5 April 2024

	Net		Total distribution	Total distribution
	revenue	Equalisation	5 August 2024	5 August 2023
Income				
Group 1	2.453	-	2.453	1.910
Group 2	0.833	1.620	2.453	1.910

Equalisation

Equalisation applies only to group 2 shares. It is the average amount of revenue included in the purchase price of group 2 shares and is refunded to holders of these shares as a return of capital. Being capital it is not liable to income tax in the hands of the shareholder but must be deducted from the cost of shares for capital gains tax purposes.

Remuneration

Remuneration code disclosure

The remuneration committee is responsible for setting the remuneration policy for all partners, directors and employees within the Evelyn Partners Group Limited ('the Group'), including individuals designated as Material Risk Takers under the Remuneration Code. The remuneration policy is designed to be compliant with the Code and provides a framework to attract, retain, motivate and reward partners, directors and employees. The overall policy is designed to promote the long-term success of the group and to support prudent risk management, with particular attention to conduct risk.

Remuneration committee

The remuneration committee report contained in the Group Report and Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 includes details on the remuneration policy. The remuneration committee comprises five non-executive directors and is governed by formal terms of reference, which are reviewed and agreed by the board. The committee met eight times during 2023¹.

Remuneration policy

The main principles of the remuneration policy are:

- to align remuneration with the strategy and performance of the business;
- to ensure that remuneration is set at an appropriate and competitive level taking into account market rates and practices;
- to foster and support conduct and behaviours which are in line with our culture and values;
- to maintain a sound risk management framework;
- to ensure that the ratio between fixed and variable remuneration is appropriate and does not encourage excessive risk taking;
- to comply with all relevant regulatory requirements; and
- to align incentive plans with the business strategy and shareholder interests.

The policy is designed to reward partners, directors and employees for delivery of both financial and non-financial objectives which are set in line with company strategy. As part of a "balanced scorecard" approach to variable remuneration non-financial criteria including, but not limited to, compliance and risk issues, client management, supervision, leadership and teamwork are considered alongside financial performance.

Remuneration systems

The committee reviews all partners' and directors' fixed and variable remuneration. In addition, it approves hurdles and awards in respect of equity incentive plans, namely a Deferred Option Plan, Equity Matching Plan, Matching Share Plan, Executive Long Term Incentive Plan and an Investment Management Long Term Incentive Plan.

The remuneration of partners is made up of a fixed profit share, discretionary bonus profit share and non-discretionary bonus profit share. The remuneration of employees typically comprises of a salary with benefits including pension contribution, life assurance, permanent health insurance, private medical insurance, SAYE scheme and a discretionary bonus scheme. Partners, directors and associate directors are also eligible to participate, at the invitation of the committee, in the equity incentive plans described above.

When setting variable remuneration for the executive directors, the committee considers overall business profit for the group and divisions, achievement of both financial and non-financial objectives (including adherence to the principles of treating customers fairly, conduct risk, compliance and regulatory rules), personal performance and any other relevant policy of the board in respect of the year ended 31 December 2023. The committee agrees the individual allocation of variable remuneration and the proportion of that variable remuneration to be awarded as restricted shares.

¹ Please note that the data provided for the non-executive directors is as at 31 December 2023. The data provided is for independent non-executive directors only.

Remuneration (continued)

Aggregate quantitative information

The total amount of remuneration paid by Evelyn Partners Fund Solutions Limited ('EPFL') is nil as EPFL has no employees. However, a number of employees have remuneration costs recharged to EPFL and the annualised remuneration for these 72 employees is £3.51 million of which £3.23 million is fixed remuneration. This is based on the salary and benefits for those identified as working in EPFL as at 31 December 2023. Any variable remuneration is awarded for the year ended 31 December 2023. This information excludes any senior management or other Material Risk Takers ('MRTs') whose remuneration information is detailed below.

Evelyn Partners reviews its MRTs at least annually. These individuals are employed by and provide services to other companies in the Group. It is difficult to apportion remuneration for these individuals in respect of their duties to EPFL. For this reason, the aggregate total remuneration awarded for the year 2023 for senior management and other MRTs detailed below has not been apportioned.

Table to show the aggregate remuneration split by Senior Management and other MRTs for EPFL	For the per	iod 1 Janua	ry 2023 to 31	Decemb	er 2023
	Variable				
	Fixed	Cash	Equity	Total	No. MRTs
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Senior Management	3,518	1,662	-	5,180	18
Other MRTs	919	848	-	1,767	5
Total	4,437	2,510	-	6,947	23

Investment Manager

The ACD has appointed Sarasin & Partners LLP to provide investment management and related advisory services to the ACD. Sarasin & Partners LLP is paid a monthly fee out of the scheme property of The Stellar Fund ('the Company') which is calculated on the total value of the portfolio of investments at each valuation point. Sarasin & Partners LLP are compliant with the Capital Requirements Directive regarding remuneration and therefore their staff are covered by remuneration regulatory requirements.

Further information

Distributions and reporting dates

Where net revenue is available it will be distributed annually on 5 August. In the event of a distribution, shareholders will receive a tax voucher.

XD dates:	6 April	final
Reporting dates:	5 April	annual
	5 October	interim

Buying and selling shares

The property of the Fund is valued at 12 noon every Tuesday except in the week when the last business day of the month falls, when the valuation will be the last business day of the month only, with the exception of any bank holiday in England and Wales or the last business day prior to those days annually, where the valuation may be carried out at a time agreed in advance between the ACD and the Depositary, and prices of shares are calculated as at that time. Share dealing is on a forward basis i.e. investors can buy and sell shares at the next valuation point following receipt of the order.

Prices of shares and the estimated yield of the Fund are published on the following website: www.trustnet.com or may be obtained by calling 0141 222 1151.

Benchmark

CPI (Consumer Price Index) Plus 4% is the target set for the Fund's performance to exceed over a rolling 10-year period.

The ACD has selected this target benchmark as the ACD believes it best reflects the strategic allocation of the Company.

Appointments

ACD and Registered office Evelyn Partners Fund Solutions Limited 45 Gresham Street London EC2V 7BG Telephone: 0207 131 4000 Authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority

Administrator and Registrar Evelyn Partners Fund Solutions Limited 177 Bothwell Street Glasgow G2 7ER Telephone: 0141 222 1151 (Registration) 0141 222 1150 (Dealing) Authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority

Directors of the ACD Andrew Baddeley Brian McLean Mayank Prakash Neil Coxhead Independent Non-Executive Directors of the ACD Dean Buckley Linda Robinson Victoria Muir Sally Macdonald

Non-Executive Directors of the ACD Paul Wyse - resigned 11 July 2023 Guy Swarbreck - appointed 21 August 2023

Investment Manager Sarasin & Partners LLP Juxon House 100 St Paul's Churchyard London EC4M 8BU Authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority

Depositary NatWest Trustee and Depositary Services Limited House A, Floor 0 Gogarburn 175 Glasgow Road Edinburgh EH12 1HQ Authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority

Auditor Johnston Carmichael LLP Bishop's Court 29 Albyn Place Aberdeen AB10 1YL